

Financial results for 3Q of FY ending 3/2024 &

Financial forecasts for FY ending 3/2024

The Kansai Electric Power Co., Inc.



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Overview

3Q of FY 3/2024 Earnings Results

✓ Consolidated : Increased revenue and income

✓ Consolidated operating revenues : 2,998.0 billion yen

(change in comparison with the previous term last year : +224.9 billion yen) Revenue increased due to increase in electricity sales to residential, commercial and industrial.

✓ Consolidated ordinary income : 639.4 billion yen

(change in comparison with the previous term last year : +817.2 billion yen) Ordinary income increased due to a decrease in fuel prices, an increase in nuclear capacity factor and an increase in electricity sales to residential, commercial and industrial.

✓ Extraordinary losses: 122.6 billion yen

Recording an Extraordinary losses due to the cancellation of the Wakayama power plant construction project.

FY 3/2024 Financial and Dividend Forecasts

✓ Consolidated ordinary income : Unchanged (570.0 billion yen)

✓ 3/2024 Year-end dividend forecasts : Unchanged (25yen / share)

Financial highlights (Consolidated)

| (billion yen) | | /2023- 3Q | FY 3/20 3Q | | Change | Ratio |
|---|--|--------------|------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Operating revenues | | 2,773.1 | 2,9 | 98.0 | +224.9 | +8.1% |
| Operating income or loss | | △219.3 | 6 | 512.6 | +832.(|) — |
| Ordinary income or loss | | △177.7 | 6 | 539.4 | +817.2 | 2 – |
| The net income or loss attributable to owners of the parent company | | △124.4 | 351.0 | | +475.4 | · — |
| (billion yen) | | Mar. 3 | 1, 2023 | Dec | . 31, 2023 | Change |
| Interest-bearing debt | | | 5,009.4 | | 4,582.4 | ∆427.0 |
| Equity ratio (After adjustments*) | | | 20.4% (21.6%) | | 24.7% (25.9%) | +4.3% (+4.3%) |

* Calculated with 50% of issued subordinated bonds as equity. It does not mean that shareholders will be diluted.

Major factors

| | | FY 3/2023-3Q | FY 3/2024-3Q | Change |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Total elec | tric sales (TWh) ^{*1,2} | 93.3 (106.0) | 99.2 (106.3) | +5.9 |
| | Retail electric sales volume | 81.6 (112.6) | 86.2 (105.6) | +4.6 |
| | Residential | 21.0 (97.5) | 21.3 (101.5) | +0.3 |
| | Commercial and Industrial | 60.6 (119.0) | 64.8 (107.0) | +4.3 |
| | Electricity sales to other non-utilities | 11.7 (75.3) | 13.0 (111.1) | +1.3 |
| Electricity | demand in Kansai area(TWh) | 98.0 | 96.4 | △1.6 |
| Gas sales | volume (10,000t) | 108 | 117 | +9 |
| Nuclear c | capacity factor (%) | 41.4 | 76.7 | +35.3 |
| Water run-off ratio(%) | | 97.0 | 92.0 | △5.0 |
| All Japan CIF crude oil price(\$/barrel) | | 107.8 | 86.6 | △21.2 |
| Exchange | e rate [TTM](yen/\$) | 136 | 143 | +7 |

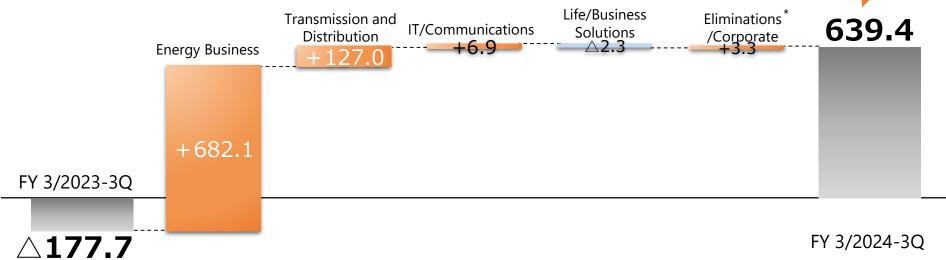
^{*1} Total electricity sales to KEPCO in Energy Business.

^{*2 ():} Changes from the previous term, %

Segment information

| | FY 3/2023-3Q | | | FY 3/2024-3Q | | | Change | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| (billion yen) | Operating revenues | Operating revenues (external transactions) | Ordinary income or loss | Operating revenues | Operating revenues (external transactions) | Ordinary income | Operating revenues | Operating revenues (external transactions) | Ordinary income or loss |
| Energy Business | 2,409.4 | 2,132.4 | △176.9 | 2,630.4 | 2,475.4 | 505.2 | +220.9 | +342.9 | +682.1 |
| Transmission and Distribution | 859.5 | 366.0 | △50.4 | 743.3 | 251.3 | 76.6 | △116.1 | △114.7 | +127.0 |
| IT/ Communications | 209.5 | 163.1 | 32.2 | 219.2 | 167.3 | 39.2 | +9.6 | +4.2 | +6.9 |
| Life/Business Solutions | 142.3 | 111.4 | 16.2 | 132.1 | 103.9 | 13.9 | △10.2 | △7.5 | △2.3 |
| Total | 3,620.9 | 2,773.1 | △178.7 | 3,725.2 | 2,998.0 | 635.1 | +104.2 | +224.9 | +813.8 |
| Eliminations/Corporate | △847.8 | _ | 0.9 | ∆727.1 | _ | 4.2 | +120.6 | _ | +3.3 |
| Consolidated | 2,773.1 | 2,773.1 | △177.7 | 2,998.0 | 2,998.0 | 639.4 | +224.9 | +224.9 | +817.2 |

Consolidated Ordinary Income or Loss : 817.2 Billion Yen Increase



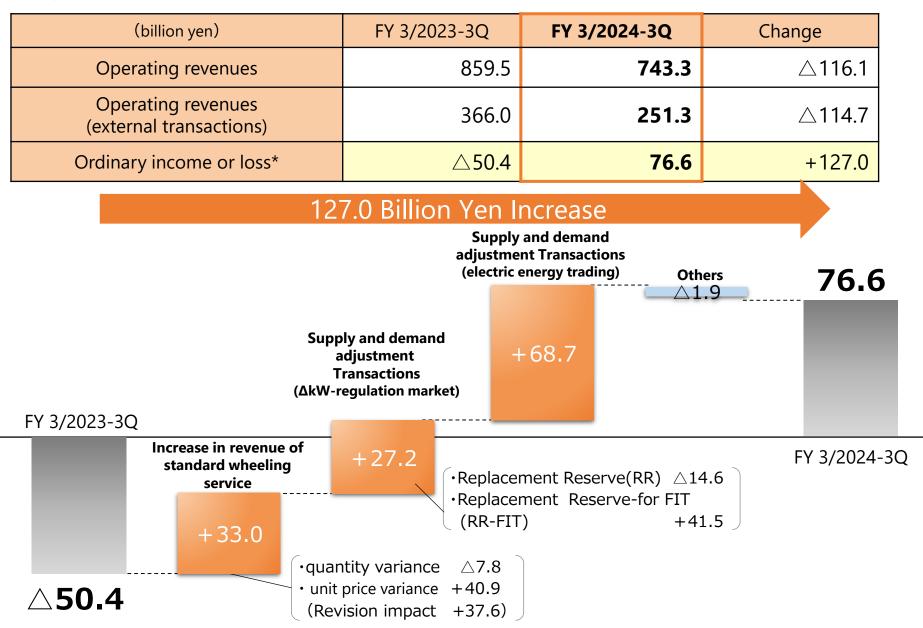
* Eliminations/Corporate includes transferred income from subsidiary Extraordinary income or loss to consolidated Ordinary income or loss.

Segment results : Energy Business

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023-3Q | FY 3/2024-3Q | Change | | |
|---|--|--|--------------------|-------|--|
| Operating revenues | 2,409.4 | 2,630.4 | +220.9 |] | |
| Operating revenues (external transactions) | 2,132.4 | 2,475.4 | +342.9 | | |
| Ordinary income or loss*1 | △176.9 | 505.2 | + 682.1 | | |
| 682.1 Billion Yen Increase Decrease in procurement costs Supply and demand *4 adjustment transactions Impacts of exchange rates/fuel prices fluctuations + 74.0 △ 73.0 + 34.1 | | | | | |
| fac Increase in *2 electricity + 2 | + 282.0 + 282.0 + 282.0 • Takahama No.1 • Ohi No.3, 4 • Mihama No.3 | adjustment system, etc. •Decrease in fuel and other cos 1~4 +141.0 +81.0 +30.0 | +28.0 ts +254.0 | | |
| FY 3/2023-3Q sales + 113.0 ∧ 176.9 1 excluding dividends received from consolidate | | | FY 3/202 | 24-3Q | |

- *1 excluding dividends received from consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method affiliates
- *2 excluding electricity sales volume for supply-demand adjustment market and operation of regulating power sources
- * 3 No impact on income/expense due to including the discount from the government's program of electricity and gas price sharp fluctuation mitigation program and the government's reimbursement
- *4 Impact of amount of transactions related to supply-demand adjustment power market and operation of regulating power sources

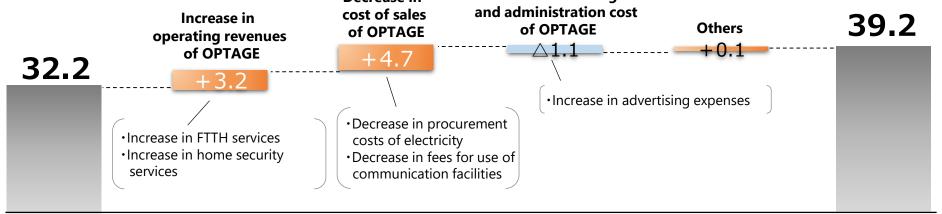
Segment results : Transmission and Distribution



* excluding dividends received from consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method affiliates

Segment results : IT/Communications

| | | | | | <major fac<="" th=""><th>ctors></th><th></th><th></th></major> | ctors> | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| (billion | yen) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Change | (million) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Change |
| Operating | revenues | 209.5 | 219.2 | +9.6 | Number of FTTH subscriberš ^{×2} | 1.71 (0.11) | 1.71 (0.16) | + 0.00 |
| Operating | | 163.1 | 167.3 +4 | +4.2 | (Re:Number of super high-speed course subscribers) | (0.11) | (0.10) | (0.05) |
| (external tra | nsactions) | | | | Number of MVNO | 1.23 | 1.28 | + 0.05 |
| Ordinary ir | ncome ^{%1} | 32.2 | 39.2 | +6.9 | subscribers | | | |
| OPTAGE | Inc. ^{%1} | (33.4) | (39.8) | (+6.3) | Number of eo electricity subscribers | 0.18 | 0.16 | △0.02 |
| 6.9 Billion Yen Increase | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 0.9 0111011 | reninciea | 150 | | | |
| | Incr | ease in | Decrease in cost of sales | Increase ir and administ of OPT | ration cost | Others | | 39.2 |



FY 3/2023-3Q

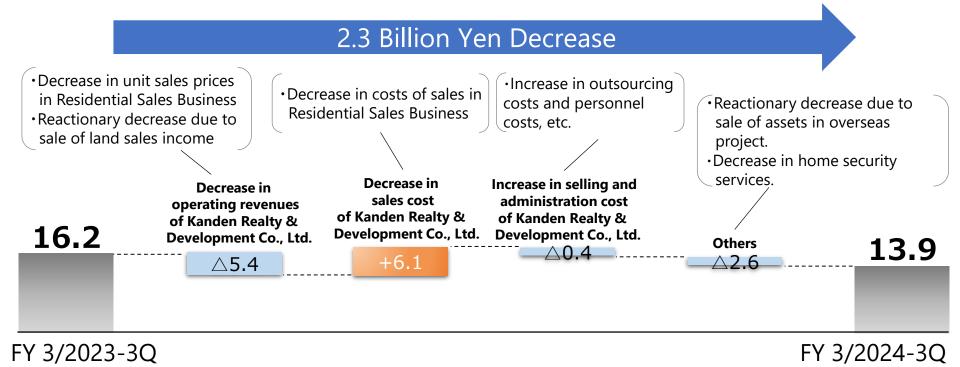
×1 excluding dividends received from consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method affiliates.

※2 Number of eo hikari net for 10 Gigabit or 5 Gigabit courses subscribers

FY 3/2024-3Q

Segment results : Life/Business Solution

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Change | <major fac<="" th=""><th>tors></th><th></th><th></th></major> | tors> | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|--------|--|------------|------------|--------|
| Operating revenues | 142.3 | 132.1 | △10.2 | | FY 3/2023- | FY 3/2024- | |
| Operating revenues (external transactions) | 111.4 | 103.9 | △7.5 | (unit, %) | 3Q | 3Q | Change |
| Ordinary income* | 16.2 | 13.9 | △2.3 | Lot houses of handover | 814 | 840 | +26 |
| Kanden Realty & Development Co., Ltd.* | (12.3) | (11.6) | (△0.6) | Vacancy rate | 2.5 | 3.5 | + 1.0 |



* excluding dividends received from consolidated subsidiaries and equity-method affiliates.

| (billion yen) | Mar. 31, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2023 | Change | Increase in capital expenditures +280.0 Decrease in depreciation and amortization △243.3 |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| Assets | 8,774.4 | 8,756.9 | △17.4 ∕ | Decrease in the cancellation of the Wakayama power plant construction project. △122.6 Increase in cash and deposits +123.1 Decrease in accounts receivable △55.5 |
| Liabilities | 6,934.6 | 6,540.1 | ∆394.5 ∕ | • Decrease in interest bearing debt $	riangle427.0$ |
| Equity | 1,839.7 | 2,216.8 | +377.0 | • Net income* +351.0 • Dividend $\triangle 44.6$ (25.00 yen per share for FY 3/23 year-end) (25.00 yen per share for FY 3/24 interim) • Valuation and translation adjustments +64.7 |

* The consolidated net income means the net income attributable to owners of the parent company.

FY 3/2024 Financial forecasts

***** FY 3/2024 financial and dividend forecasts as of the announcement on December 19, 2023 have been unchanged. ***** Major factors and sensitivity of major factors are as of the announcement on October 30, 2023 for references.

<Financial forecasts>

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2024 (forecasts) |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Operating revenues | 4,050.0 |
| Operating income | 530.0 |
| Ordinary income | 570.0 |
| The net income* | 290.0 |

* The consolidated net income means the net income attributable

to owners of the parent company.

<Major factors>

| | | | FY 3/2024 (forecasts) |
|-----|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| To | tal Electric | 135.3 | |
| | Retail el | ectric sales | 118.4 |
| | | 31.6 | |
| | | Commercial and Industrial | 86.8 |
| | Electricit | 16.9 | |
| Ele | ctricity de | 129.8 | |
| Ga | s sales vol | 170 | |
| Nu | clear capa | Approx. 70 | |
| Wa | ater run-of | Approx. 98 | |
| All | Japan CIF | Approx. 82 | |
| Exc | change rat | e [TTM] (yen/ \$) | Approx. 143 |

* Total electricity sales to KEPCO in Energy Business..

< Financial indicators forecasts>

| | FY 3/2024 (forecasts) |
|--|----------------------------|
| FCF (billion yen) | Approx. 480.0 |
| Equity Ratio(%) (After adjustment*) | Approx. 24 (Approx. 25) |
| ROA (%) | Approx. 6.8 |

(Ref.) ROE (%)

* Calculated with 50% of issued subordinated bonds as equity. It does not mean that shareholders will be diluted.

<Sensitivity of major factors>

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2024 (forecasts) |
|--|--------------------------|
| Nuclear capacity factor per 1% | 5.1 |
| Water run-off ratio per 1% | 1.5 |
| All Japan CIF crude oil price per \$1/barrel | 3.0 |
| Exchange rate [TTM] per ¥1/\$ | 5.8 |

· Sensitivity of major factors denotes sensitivity of expenses.

• Sensitivity of major factors are subject to change if the rapid and drastic changes of major factors happen.

<Dividend forecast for FY ending 3/2024>

| | Interim | Year-end | Annual |
|--------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Dividend per share | 25.00yen | 25.00yen | 50.00yen |

Approx. 14.9

Appendix

Consolidated statements of income

| | (billion yen) | FY 3/2023-3Q | FY 3/2024-3Q | Change | |
|-------|---|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| | inary revenues perating revenues) | 2,843.4 (2,773.1) | 3,060.0 (2,998.0) | +216.6 (+224.9) | Sales of external transactions in KEPCO |
| | Electric operating revenues | 2,097.5 | 2,330.9 | +233.3 / | +346.4 \cdot Sales of external transactions in Kansai-TD riangle113.0 |
| | Other operating revenues | 675.5 | 667.1 | △8.4 | • Sales of external transactions in subsidiaries |
| | Non-operating revenues | 70.3 | 62.0 | △8.2 | +0.9 • Sales of external transactions in Incidental business |
| Ord | inary expenses | 3,021.2 | 2,420.6 | △600.5 | |
| | Electric operating expenses | 2,395.4 | 1,833.8 | △561.5 | |
| | Other operating expenses | 597.0 | 551.5 | ∆45.4 | •Costs for subsidiaries $\triangle 28.2$ •Costs for Incidental business $\triangle 17.2$ |
| | Non-operating expenses | 28.7 | 35.2 | +6.5 | |
| Ord | inary income or loss | △177.7 | 639.4 | +817.2 | |
| rese | vision for or reversal of rve for fluctuation in er level | △0.6 | ∆2.3 | △1.7 | •cancellation of the Wakayama power plant construction project +122.6 |
| Extra | aordinary losses | _ | 122.6 | +122.6 | |
| Inco | ome taxes | △55.6 | 163.7 | +219.3 | |
| Net | income or loss* | △124.4 | 351.0 | +475.4 | |
| Con | nprehensive income | 22.0 | 424.5 | +402.4 | |

* The consolidated net income or loss means the net income or loss attributable to owners of the parent company.

Non-consolidated results (KEPCO)

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023-3Q | FY 3/2024-3Q | Change |] |
|---|--------------|--------------|-----------|---|
| Ordinary revenue | 2,301.7 | 2,506.3 | +204.5 | •Increase in retail sales +254.5 |
| (Operating revenues) | (2,194.4) | (2,391.0) | (+196.6), | (Increase in adjusted fuel cost, etc.* +28.0) |
| Residential, Commercial and industrial | 1,658.2 | 1,701.2 | +42.9 | |
| Sold power to other suppliers | 312.0 | 261.9 | △50.0 | |
| Others | 331.4 | 543.1 | +211.6 | Revenue from Incidental business +8.8 |
| Ordinary expenses | 2,452.3 | 1,981.3 | ∆470.9 | |
| Personnel expenses | 74.1 | 73.3 | △0.7 | •Thermal △337.0 •Nuclear +11.6 |
| Fuel costs | 686.9 | 361.5 | ∆325.3´ | •Nuclear +11.6 |
| Backend expenses of nuclear power | 41.7 | 76.7 | +34.9 | Increase in retail electricity sales volume |
| Maintenance costs | 73.8 | 71.5 | △2.2 | +93.0 • Increase in Nuclear capacity factor |
| Taxes other than income taxes | 44.0 | 46.1 | +2.1 | \triangle 290.0 \bullet Decrease in Water run-off ratio |
| Depreciation | 87.4 | 102.5 | +15.0 | +14.0 |
| Purchased power from other suppliers | 678.8 | 480.4 | △198.3 \ | •Change of exchange rates/fuel prices fluctuations △184.0 |
| Interest expenses | 15.9 | 17.2 | +1.2 | |
| Expenses for third party's power transmission service | 417.8 | 441.9 | +24.1 | • Change of exchange rates/fuel prices fluctuations \triangle 70.0 |
| Others | 331.4 | 309.7 | △21.7 | •Increase in renewable energy subsidies $\triangle 33.7$ |
| Ordinary income or loss | △150.5 | 524.9 | +675.4 | |
| (Operating income or loss) | (△236.2) | (435.9) | (+672.1) | •cancellation of the Wakayama power |
| Provision or reversal of reserve for water shortage | △0.6 | ∆ 2.3 | △1.7 | plant construction project +122.6 |
| Extraordinary losses | _ | 122.6 | +122.6 | * No impact on income/expense due to including the discount from the government's program of |
| Income taxes | △65.8 | 110.6 | +176.4 | electricity and gas price sharp fluctuation mitigation program and the government's |
| Net income or loss | △84.0 | 293.9 | +377.9 | reimbursement |

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Non-consolidated results (Kansai-TD)

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023-3Q | FY 3/2024-3Q | Change | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---|
| Ordinary revenues (Operating revenues) | 842.1 (822.3) | 727.8 (708.2) | △114.3 (△114.1) | | revenue of standard wheeling service + 33.0 |
| Transmission revenue | 560.6 | 558.8 | △1.7・ | \square | • Supply and demand adjustment transactions \triangle 34.4 |
| Sold power to other utilities • suppliers | 207.3 | 105.3 | △101.9、 | | Supply and demand adjustment |
| Others | 74.2 | 63.6 | △10.6、 | | transactions $	riansigned 72.2$ |
| Ordinary expenses | 882.0 | 640.3 | △241.7 | $\left \right\rangle$ | Supply and demand adjustment |
| Personnel expenses | 73.5 | 73.6 | +0 | | transactions |
| Maintenance costs | 81.3 | 83.1 | +1.7 | | |
| Taxes other than income taxes | 65.2 | 66.2 | +1.0 | | |
| Depreciation | 79.0 | 79.2 | +0.2 | | |
| Purchased power from other utilities • suppliers | 431.7 | 183.6 | △248.0 | | Supply and demand adjustment transactions △212.2 |
| Interest expenses | 6.7 | 7.2 | +0.5 | | |
| Others | 144.4 | 147.2 | +2.7 | | |
| Ordinary income or loss (Operating income or loss) | △39.9 (△52.5) | 87.4 (75.4) | +127.3 (+128.0) | | |
| Income taxes | △13.8 | 20.8 | +34.7 | | |
| Net income or loss | △26.0 | 66.6 | +92.6 | | |

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Retail Electricity sales

<Retail electricity sales for FY 3/2024>

| | (TWh) | Apr. | Мау | Jun. | Jul. | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
|--|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Residential | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.6 |
| | Residential | (92.7) | (100.4) | (101.6) | (95.8) | (104.7) | (106.2) | (101.8) | (104.1) | (106.5) |
| | Commercial and | 6.3 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 6.5 | 6.7 |
| | Industrial | (105.1) | (109.6) | (108.0) | (105.2) | (108.4) | (111.2) | (107.4) | (103.5) | (104.3) |
| Retail Electricity sales ^{*2} | | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 9.5 | 8.6 | 9.4 |
| Retai | i Electricity sales | (101.3) | (107.2) | (106.6) | (102.9) | (107.4) | (109.9) | (106.0) | (103.6) | (104.9) |

*1 Figures in () are year-on-year %

<Breakdown of retail electricity sales>

| | (TWh) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Change | Meter reading | Temperature | Demand | Others |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------|---------------|-------------|--------|--------|
| | Residential | 21.0 | 21.3 | +0.3 | +0 | +0.3 | +0.4 | △0.4 |
| | Commercial and Industrial | 60.6 | 64.8 | +4.3 | +0 | △0 | +5.6 | △1.3 |
| R | etail Electricity sales ^{*2} | 81.6 | 86.2 | +4.6 | +0 | +0.3 | +5.9 | △1.7 |

<Average monthly temperature>

| (°C) | Apr. | Мау | Jun. | Jul. | Aug. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Actual | 15.9 | 20.0 | 23.8 | 28.9 | 29.9 | 27.9 | 19.3 | 14.4 | 9.3 |
| Year-on year change | △0.9 | 0.0 | ∆0.6 | +0.5 | +0.4 | +1.7 | +0.3 | ∆0.8 | +1.4 |
| Anomaly | +0.7 | 0.0 | +0.2 | +1.2 | +0.9 | +2.7 | △0.2 | +0.6 | +0.6 |

<Breakdown of retail electricity sales in FY 3/2024 forecasts>

| | (TWh) | FY 3/2024 (forecasts) |
|----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Residential | 31.6 |
| | Commercial and Industrial | 86.8 |
| Re | tail Electricity sales ^{*2} | 118.4 |

*2 Amount of retail electric sales in energy business provided by KEPCO

***** FY 3/2024 financial forecasts announced on December 19, 2023 remain unchanged.

| | FY 3/2024 | (forecasts) |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| (billion yen) | Operating revenues (external transactions) | Ordinary income or loss |
| Energy | 3,313.0 | 434.0 |
| Transmission and Distribution | 356.0 | 68.0 |
| IT/ Communications | 226.0 | 47.0 |
| Life/Business Solutions | 155.0 | 19.0 |
| Total | 4,050.0 | 568.0 |
| Eliminations/Corporate | _ | 2.0 |
| Consolidated | 4,050.0 | 570.0 |

○We expect to achieve all goals of FY3/2022 - FY3/2024 of Medium-term Management Plan.
 ○In particular, FCF recently continued negative, but is expected to increase substantially in FY 3/2024.

| | FY 3/2022 | FY 3/2023 | FY 3/2024 | FY 3/2022 - | Financial (Medium-term Managem | |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | (results) | (results) | (forecasts) | FY 3/2024 | FY 3/2022 - FY 3/2024 | FY 3/2026 |
| Ordinary Income | 135.9 billion yen | riangle 6.6 billion yen | 570.0 billion yen | 233.1 billion yen | More than 100.0 billion yen averaged over three years | More than 250.0 billion yen |
| FCF | △122.3 | △289.8 | Approx. | Approx. | Less than $	riangle 50.0$ billion yen averaged over three years | More than 200.0 billion yen |
| ГСГ | billion yen | billion yen | 480.0 billion yen | 22.6 billion yen | Register a surplus ac booker between FY 3/2 | |
| Equity Ratio | 19.2% | 20.4% | Approx. 24% | Approx. 24% | More than 20% | More than 23% |
| ROA | 1.9% | 0.2% | Approx. 6.8 % | Approx. 3.0 % | More than 1.5% averaged over three years | More than 3.5% |

Interest-bearing debt (Consolidated)

| | (billion yen) | Mar. 31, 2023 | Dec. 31, 2023 | Change |
|---------------|--|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Во | nds | 1,790.0 | 1,712.4 | ∆77.6 (+92.4、∆170.0) |
| Borrowings | | 3,057.3 | 2,869.9 | ∆187.4 (+257.7、∆453.4) |
| | Long-term | 2,901.8 | 2,710.5 | ∆191.3 (+58.8、∆255.6) |
| | Short-term | 155.5 | 159.4 | +3.9 (+198.9、△197.8) |
| Com | mercial paper | 162.0 | _ | ∆162.0 (+90.0、∆252.0) |
| Inter debt | rest-bearing | 5,009.4 | 4,582.4 | ∆427.0 |
| | Interest rate (%) of fiscal year-end) | 0.55 | 0.62 | +0.07 |

*1 +(plus) in the bracket means financing, \triangle (minus) in the bracket means repayment.

*2 Change includes foreign exchange loss/gain and total in the bracket may not be congruent.

| | (GWh) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | Composition ratio | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Composition ratio | Change |
|----|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------|
| | Hydro | 10,578 | 17% | 10,251 | 15% | △327 |
| | Thermal | 35,141 | 56% | 27,603 | 40% | △7,538 |
| | Nuclear | 17,052 | 27% | 31,693 | 46% | +14,640 |
| | Renewable energy | 15 | 0% | 9 | 0% | △5 |
| | KEPCO Total | 62,785 | 100% | 69,556 | 100% | +6,770 |
| (| Other-utility companies | 37,015 | | 36,811 | | △204 |
| Ca | ptive use by hydropower | △1,568 | | △2,230 | | △663 |
| | Total | 98,233 | | 104,136 | | +5,904 |

*1 Some rounding errors may be observed.

*2 Figures about generated and received electricity represent for KEPCO in energy.

*3 The difference between the total amount of electricity generated/received and total electric sales is the amount of electricity lost.

Maintenance costs and depreciation (YOY comparison)

<KEPCO>

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Change | Breakdown |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| Maintenance | 73.8 | 71.5 | △2.2 | Nuclear $\triangle 8.3$ Hydro+5.3 |
| costs | | | | Thermal +0.8 |
| | | | | Nuclear +11.5 |
| Depreciation | 87.4 | 102.5 | + 15.0 | General +1.7 |
| | | | | Hydro +1.5 |

<Kansai Transmission and Distribution, Inc.>

| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023- 3Q | FY 3/2024- 3Q | Change | Breakdown | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--------|---|------------------------------|
| Maintenance costs | 81.3 | 83.1 | +1.7 | +1.7 Distribution Transmission | |
| Depreciation | 79.0 | 79.2 | + 0.2 | Transformation Distribution General Transmission | +0.9 +0.7 +0.7 △2.2 |

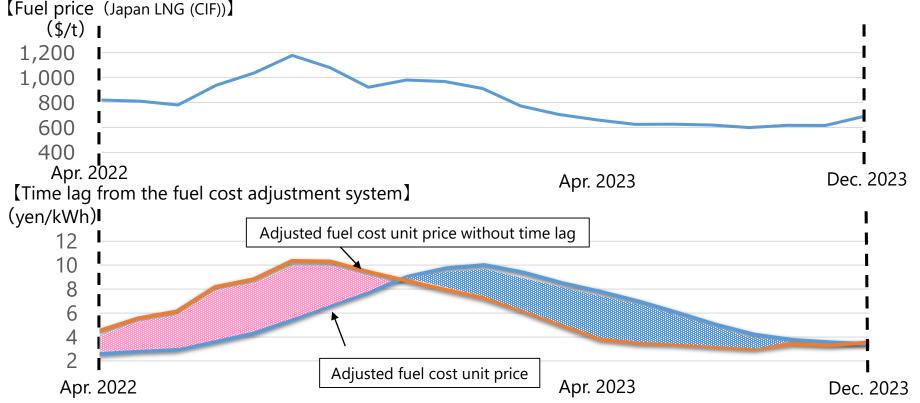
Time lag from the fuel cost adjustment system

- O The fuel cost adjustment system is a mechanism utilized to reflect, in the electricity rates, the impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate and the market price of fuel on thermal fuel costs.
- O Fluctuations in fuel prices of each month are reflected in fuel cost adjustment unit price 3–5 months later. This generates a gap (time lag) between the fluctuations in fuel prices and the timing of reflecting them in fuel cost adjustment unit price.

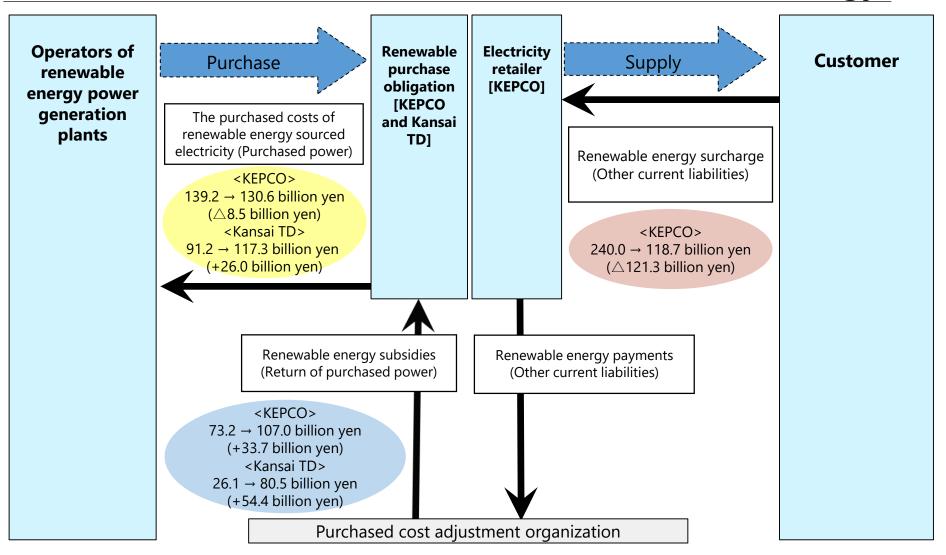
| (billion yen) | FY 3/2023-3Q | FY 3/2023 | FY 3/2024-3Q | FY 3/2024 (forecasts) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Effect on profit caused by time lag | △252.0 | △174.0 | +161.0 | +176.0 |
| | | (^ ٦١ ^) | | |

* The above-mentioned time lag indicates time gap on the income front in each accounting period, and differs from the income and expenditure effect calculated based on actual thermal power fuel cost etc.

* [] is the impact of what average fuel prices exceeded the ceiling under which we can adjust the selling prices, not included in Effect on profit caused by time lag.



Framework of feed-in tariff scheme for renewable energy ²¹



- *1 FY 3/2023-3Q \rightarrow FY 3/2024-3Q (changes from YOY comparison)
- *2 Difference between purchased costs of renewable energy sourced electricity and renewable energy subsidies is avoidable costs.
- *3 "Law for partial amendment to the Act on Special Measures Concerning Procurement of Electricity from Renewable Energy Sources by Electricity Utilities (Feed-in Tariff) and other laws" (enforced April 1, 2017) stipulates that, regarding contracts of purchase on and after April 1, 2017, the definition of businesses obliged to purchase electricity was changed to general electricity transmission and distribution businesses and others.

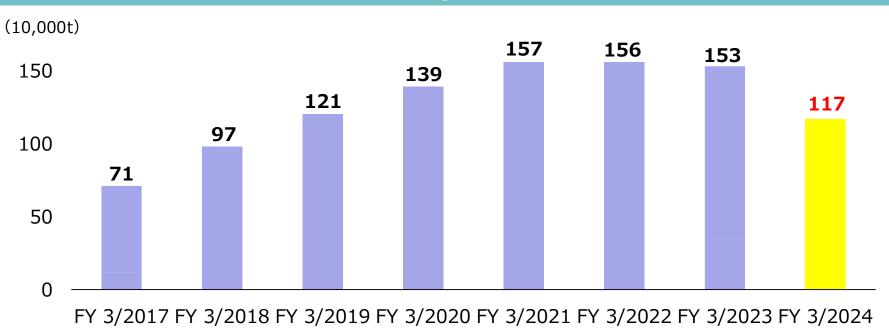
Associated companies (Consolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliates accounted for by equity method)

| Energy | | Transmission and Distribution | IT/Communications | Life/Business Solution |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| (Consolidated Subsidiaries) Kanden Energy Solution Co., Inc. Fukui City Gas Echizen Eneline Co., Inc. Nihon Network Support Co., Ltd. Kanden Plant Corporation Aioi Bioenergy Corporation NEWJEC Inc. Institute of Nuclear Safety System, Inc. Next Power Company KANSO CO., LTD. Kanden E-House Co., Ltd. Kanden Power-Tech Corp. NUCLEAR ENGINEERING, Ltd. The Kurobe George Railway Co., Ltd. Dshift Inc. Kanden Gas Support Co., Inc. Osaka Bioenegy Co., Ltd. KE Fuel International Co., Ltd. KPIC Netherlands B.V. LNG SAKURA Shipping Corporation LNG JUROJIN Shipping Corporation ENG JUROJIN Shipping Corporation Biopower Kanda G.K. | Oita Usuki Wind-power generation G.K. Wakayama Taiyoko G.K. KPRE G.K. Kansai Electric Power Holdings Australia Pty Ltd KPIC USA, LLC Kansai Electric Power Australia Pty Ltd Kansai Sojitz Enrichment Investing S.A.S. PT. Kansai Electric Power Indonesia Kansai Energy Solutions (Thailand) Co., Ltd. KANSAI ENERGY SOLUTIONS (VIETNAM) CO., LTD. KE Fuel Trading Singapore Pte Ltd. etc. Total:47 (Affiliates accounted for by equity method) Japan Nuclear Fuel Limited Kinden Corporation Enegate Co., Ltd | (Consolidated Subsidiaries) •Kansai Transmission and Distribution, Inc. •Kanden Engineering Corporation •The Kanden Service Co., Ltd. Total:3 | (Consolidated Subsidiaries) •OPTAGE Inc. •Kanden Systems Co., Ltd. •K4 Digital Co., Ltd. etc. Total:8 | (Consolidated Subsidiaries) •Kanden Realty & Development Co., Ltd. •KANSAI Medical Net Co, Inc. •KANDEN L-Heart Co., Inc. •Kanden Facilities Co., Ltd. •Kansai Electron Beam Co., Ltd. •Pont des Tech Co., LTD •Gekidaniino G.K. •Kanden CS Forum Inc. •Kanden Office Work Co., Ltd. •The Kanden L&A Co., Ltd. •KANDEN AMENIX Corp. •K4 Ventures •Kaiko Yukinoya G.K. etc. |
| | Total:9 | | | Total:31 |

* As of Dec. 31, 2023

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Profit and loss for gas business, gas sales, etc. in FY ending 3/2024-3Q

| (billion yen) | FY3/2023-3Q | FY3/2024-3Q | Change |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Operating revenues | 169.2 | 159.2 | △10.0 |
| Operating expenses | 177.8 | 148.8 | △28.9 |
| Operating Loss or income | △8.6 | 10.3 | +18.9 |

| (10,000 t) | FY3/2023-3Q | FY3/2024-3Q | Change |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| gas sales volume | 108 | 117 | +9 |

• Number of contracts for Kanden gas as of Dec. 31, 2023 : approx. 1.60 million

Outline of International Business

We endeavor to promote energy businesses overseas that contribute to decarbonization, and provide customers with solutions that relate to their energy usage, as well as to aim to improve profitability by making good use of business know-hows and networks we have built to date.
 Total output by KEPCO's investment: Approx. 2,852 MW. Of which, total investment amount to 19 projects in operation is approx. 240.0 billion yen. (Approx. 37% collected by dividends, etc.)

| Project Title | | | Start of operation, etc.(schedule) | Total output (MW) | KEPCO's investment(%) | Output by KEPCO's investment (MW-equivalent)*2 |
|---------------|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Singapore | Senoko Thermal Power | Established 1995/10 | 2,644 | 15 | 397 |
| | | San Roque Hydropower | 2003/05 | 435 | 50 | 218 |
| | Philippines | Power Distribution and Retail Sales in New Clark City | 2019/11 | — | 9 | _ |
| | Taiwan | Kuo Kuang Thermal Power | 2003/11 | 480 | 20 | 96 |
| | Taiwan | Ming Jian Hydropower | 2007/09 | 17 | 24 | 4 |
| | | Rajamandala Hydropower | 2019/5 | 47 | 49 | 23 |
| | Indonesia | Medco-Kansai Joint Venture Firepower | Joined 2021/4 | 202 | 36 | 73 |
| | | Tanjung Jati B Thermal Power | 2022/9 | 2,140 | 25 | 535 |
| | Laos | Nam Ngiep Hydropower 2019/9 | | 290 | 45 | 131 |
| In | Australia | Bluewaters Thermal power | 2009/12 | 459 | 50.01 | 230 |
| operation | Ireland | Evalair Limited Onshore Wind Power Project | 2013/12 other | 223 | 24 | 54 |
| | E la la se al | Piiparinmäki Onshore wind farm project | 2022/6 | 211 | 15 | 32 |
| | Finland | Arrayarvi Onshore Wind Power Project | 2023/12 | 221 | 49 | 108 |
| | | West Deptford Thermal power | 2014/11 | 768 | 17.5 | 134 |
| | US | Hickory-Run Thermal power | 2020/5 | 1,000 | 30 | 300 |
| | | Aviator Onshore Wind Farm Project | 2020/9 | 525 | 48.5 | 255 |
| | | Electricity North West Limited | Joined 2019/7 | — | 22.04 | — |
| | UK | Triton Knoll Offshore Wind Power Project | 2022/4 | 857 | 16 | 137 |
| | | Moray East Offshore Windfarm project | 2022/4 | 953 | 10.02 | 95 |
| Under | Germany | Borkum Riffgrund 3 Offshore Wind Farm Project | Scheduled 2025 | 913 | 3.5 | 32 |
| construction | UK∙Germany | NeuConnect Interconnector | Scheduled 2028 | — | 17.5 | — |
| Under | US | St. Joseph Phase II Thermal power | Undecided | Approx. 710 | 20 | _ |
| development | | | Scheduled 2027 | 75 | 20 | 15 |

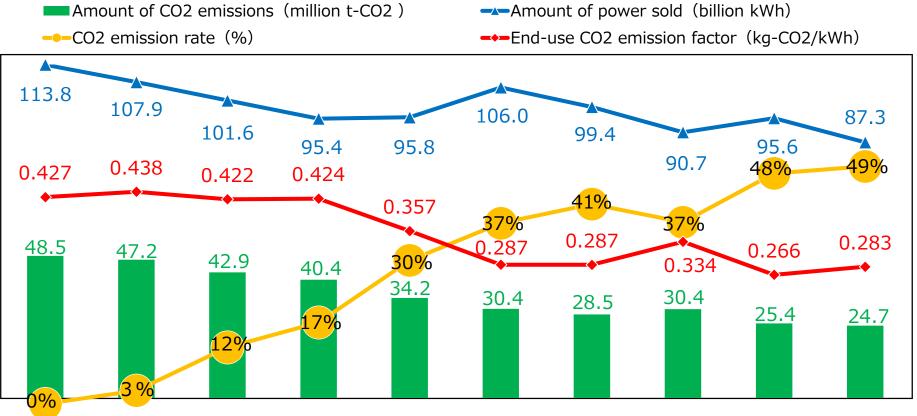
*1 272.0 billion yen for international business investments is recorded to the consolidated balance sheet as of Dec. 31, 2023, including the eliminations by using the equity method. *2 Some rounding errors may be observed.

Initiatives on climate change issues and CO₂ reduction

OIn the KEPCO Group's medium-term management plan, we, as the leading company of "low carbon initiatives", set a goal of keeping the number-one position as a CO2-free electric power producer in Japan and reducing CO2 emissions from our power generating business in Japan in FY 3/2026 to half that of FY 3/2014. (The goal has been accelerated by five years.)

○In FY 3/2023, we finished No.1 in Japan in zero-carbon electricity generation, and we reduced CO2 emissions from the power generating business by approximate 49% compared to our performance level in FY 3/2014.

Change of KEPCO Group's power generating business in Japan in CO2 emission factor, etc.



FY3/2014 FY3/2015 FY3/2016 FY3/2017 FY3/2018 FY3/2019 FY3/2020 FY3/2021 FY3/2022 FY3/2023

Kansai Electric Power Group's introduction and development plan of renewable energy

• We, as the leading company of "low carbon initiatives", will aggressively pursue renewable energy development, with a focus on offshore wind power, which has great development potential, after strengthening our development promotion system.

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O The development goal is to invest 1 trillion yen in Japan by 2040, aiming for 5 million kW of new development and 9 million kW of cumulative development.

○ Domestic power stations

Power stations in operation (completed)*1: approx. 3,840 MW; power stations before operation: approx. 120 MW; Total: approx. 3,970 MW (as of Jan. 31, 2024)

| | Solar Power | Wind Power | Biomass Power | Hydro Power |
|--|--------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Power source share capacity of power stations in operation ^{*1} | Approx. 190 MW | Approx. 24 MW | Approx. 257 MW | Approx. 3,374 MW |
| CO ₂ emission reduction ^{*2} | Approx. 110,000 t/year | Approx. 21,000 t/year | Approx. 740,000 t/year | Approx. 5,240,000 t/year |
| Main power stations in operation | | •Awaji Wind Power •Offshore Wind Farms in Akita Prefecture etc. | | Nagatono power station (Upgraded) Nagisoazuma power station etc. |
| Power stations before operation | •Power Plant for corporate PPA | •Oita-Usuki Wind Farm Project (temporary name) etc. | | Shin-Sakagami power station Odorigawa power station etc. |
| | Sakai Solar Power Station | Awaji Wind Power | Kanda Power Station | Nagisoazuma power station |

*1 The figures represent cumulative development capacity and include projects that have been withdrawn after start of operation ("completed").

*2 CO₂ emissions are calculated based on our CO₂ emission coefficient in operation power scale in FY 3/2023 with the national average coefficient 0.434kg-CO₂/kWh in FY 3/2022.

○ Overseas power stations

• Power stations in operation (completed): approx. 1,057 MW; power stations before operation: approx. 32 MW; Total: approx. 1,089 MW (as of Jan. 31, 2024)

| | Hydro Power | | Wind Power | |
|--|--|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Power source share capacity of power stations in operation | Approx. 376MW | San Roque Hydropower | Approx. 681MW | Piiparinmäki wind farm project |
| CO ₂ emission reduction | Approx. 530,000 t/year | - Canada - Canada | Approx. 710,000 t/year | |
| Main power stations in operation | San Roque Hydropower (Philippines) Ming Jian Hydropower (Taiwan) Rajamandala Hydropower (Indonesia) Nam Ngiep 1 Hydropower (Laos) | | •Evalair Limited (Ireland) •Aviator Onshore Wind Farm Project (US) •Triton Knoll Wind Power Project (UK) •Moray East Offshore Windfarm Project (UK) •Piiparinmäki wind farm project (Finland) •Arrayarvi Onshore Wind Power Project (Finland) | |
| Power stations before operation | _ | | •Borkum Riffgrund 3 Offshore Wind Farm Project(Germany) | E |

For further information

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Financial forecasts are subject to change depending upon the changes of business environments and other conditions.

[For Reference]

- ◆ Kansai Electric Power Group Medium-term Management Plan (2021-2025) <u>Click here</u>
- Zero Carbon Vision 2050 <u>Click here</u>
- Zero Carbon Roadmap <u>Click here</u>
- Integrated report <u>Click here</u>